TDB Trends Research (Nationwide, Research & Summary for September 2022)

Domestic economy improved for the second straight month, albeit slightly

 \sim Although increased flow of people due to decreased number of infections contributed, impact of yen depreciation is a cause for concern. \sim

(Companies researched: 26,494; Valid responses: 11,621; Response rate: 43.9%; Survey start date: May 2002)

< Overview of September 2022: Slightly improved >

The economic diffusion index (DI) in September 2022 was 41.9, up 0.5 points from the previous month, and improved for the second straight month. The domestic economy improved for two months in a row, albeit slightly, with some last-minute demand, etc.

< Future outlook: Remain almost unchanged >

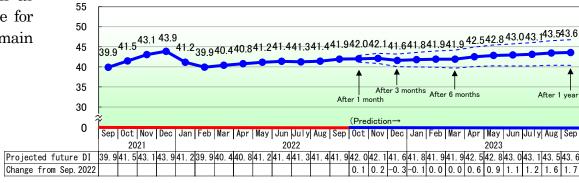
Although hereafter there are many downward factors such as geopolitical risk, it is expected that positive factors will emerge for normalization of economic conditions, and the economy will remain almost unchanged.

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By industry: Improved in eight industries. Last-minute demand occurred in part before the price increase from October onward.

By size: Improve in "Small to Medium-sized Firms" for the second straight month, but food price rise badly affected "Large Firms".

By region: Improved in nine of the ten regions. Strong consumer spendingrelated performance in tourist area.



^{*:} Economic DIs are calculated based on the structural ARIMA model, in which economic statistics are incorporated to the ARIMA model.

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Economic Diffusion Index (Economic DI)1/2

	Sep-21	Oct-21	Nov-21	Dec-21	Jan-22	Feb-22	Mar-22	Apr-22	May-22	Jun-22	Jul-22	Aug-22	Sep-22	Ratio to the Previous Month
Total	39. 9	41.5	43. 1	43.9	41.2	39. 9	40.4	40.8	41.2	41.4	41.3	41.4	41.9	0.5
Large Firms		43.8	45.7	45.9	44.0	42.9	43.4	43.1	43.5	43.5	43.4	43.8	43.6	▲ 0.2
Small to Medium-sized Firms		41.0	42. 5	43.5	40.6	39. 3	39.8	40.3	40.7	41.0	40.8	41.0	41.6	0.6
Micro Firms	38. 7	40.0	41. 3	42. 1	39. 1	37. 9	38. 4	38. 9	39.5	40.0	39. 7	39.8	40.7	0.9

		Sep-21	Oct-21	Nov-21	Dec-21	Jan-22	Feb-22	Mar-22	Apr-22	May-22	Jun-22	Jul-22	Aug-22	Sep-22	Ratio to the Previous Month
Agriculture,Fore	stry,Fisheries	38. 1	41.1	42.6	38. 2	38. 7	36. 4	34.8	35.0	37.6	34. 7	36.3	35. 9	35.8	▲ 0.1
Finance			43.0	43.3	43.8	41.9	41.6	42.5	41.1	42.7	42.3	41. 9	41.7	43.6	1.9
Construction			44.7	45. 4	45. 2	43.3	42.5	42.8	41.8	42.2	42.5	43. 1	43.3	44.0	0.7
Real Estate	Real Estate		43.6	44. 7	46.7	42.9	42. 6	42.8	43.2	44.7	45.9	44. 7	44.8	45. 3	0.5
	Food,BEWerages,Livestock Feed	34. 1	38. 1	39. 6	40.8	35. 4	33. 4	34.2	36.4	37.6	37.8	36. 7	36. 1	35. 5	▲ 0.6
	Textile, Textile Products, Clothing	28.2	30.2	31.4	34. 1	31.6	31. 7	33.0	34.6	33.8	34. 4	36. 1	32.6	36. 2	3.6
	Construction Materials, Furniture, Ceramics, Stone and Clay Products	42.7	43. 7	44. 9	46. 4	44. 1	42. 7	41.1	41.7	41. 1	40.4	40.8	39.8	40. 2	0.4
	Pulp, Paper and Paper Products	36. 2	39. 3	41.4	42. 9	40.2	36. 4	37. 2	40.3	38. 3	37. 4	37. 5	36. 6	38.0	1.4
	Publishing, Printing	27. 1	29.4	30. 2	32. 1	28.6	29. 5	29.6	30.7	30.3	29.7	29. 1	29.6	30.0	0.4
Manufacturing	Chemical	41.9	42.6	45.7	46.7	44.5	42.3	42.7	42.3	41.7	41.1	41.8	42.6	42.3	▲ 0.3
	Steel, Nonferrous Metals, Mining	43.8	44.2	45.9	46.4	44.6	43.8	42.6	42.1	40.9	41.2	42.9	42.7	43.0	0.3
	General Machinery	46.2	47.2	47.8	49. 1	47.7	46.7	46.7	45.9	46.9	46.3	46.3	46.2	45.4	▲ 0.8
	Electrical Machinery	45.8	47.5	47.0	48.5	46.6	46. 1	44.3	44.8	44.3	44.8	44.7	44.2	45.2	1.0
	Transportation Machinery, Equipment	37.6	37.7	43.4	45.6	41.6	39. 9	40.0	38. 1	37.6	36.8	40.3	41.2	40.2	▲ 1.0
	Precision Machinery, Medical Instruments and Equipment	50.8	50.4	49.8	53. 0	52.0	49. 5	47.1	46.8	48.2	48.8	48.5	46. 5	46. 2	▲ 0.3
	Other	35.3	35. 5	36. 9	41.1	35. 9	36. 1	35.4	37.3	39. 2	38. 1	37.8	38. 2	37. 5	▲ 0.7
	Total	40.7	42.1	43.6	45. 1	42.5	41. 2	40.9	41.2	41.0	40.8	41.3	41.0	41. 1	0.1
	Food, BEWerages	29.8	33.0	36. 9	38. 2	32.7	30. 1	32.6	36.2	37.3	37. 1	37. 0	35. 6	35.8	0.2
	Textile, Textile Products, Clothing	22.4	24.5	27.4	29.3	27. 6	24. 9	25.4	28.7	31.4	31.3	29. 9	29.9	29.9	0.0
	Construction Materials, Furniture, Ceramics, Stone and Clay Products	39. 6	39. 9	42.6	42. 4	40.0	39. 7	40.5	38.6	38. 1	38. 3	38. 6	38. 5	37. 5	▲ 1.0
Wholesale	Paper Products, Stationery, Books	29.6	31.8	35. 0	34. 2	32.7	31. 9	34.6	33.8	34. 2	32.8	33.0	33. 5	34. 5	1.0
	Chemical	42.2	44.2	45.3	45.3	43. 2	41. 9	43.5	42.3	42.3	41.6	43.5	43.0	43.4	0.4
	Recycled Resources	51.8	53.4	52. 9	52.8	45.8	50.5	53.2	54.0	47.5	41.4	40.9	39.6	47.0	7.4
	Steel, Nonferrous Metals, Mining Products	41.6	41.6	43. 2	45. 2	42. 3	40. 5	41. 1	40. 3	40.0	39. 7	39. 3	39. 3	39. 8	0. 5
	Machinery, Equipment	41.8	42.6	44. 4	44.7	42.8	42.4	41.9	42.5	42.0	42.9	43.1	42.6	43.3	0.7
	Other	34. 4	37.8	39. 7	40.1	36.3	33.7	35. 5	37. 3	37.8	38. 1	37. 7	37. 7	38. 2	0.5
	Total	37.6	39. 1	41. 3	41.8	39. 0	37. 7	38. 6	39. 2	39.4	39. 4	39. 5	39. 2	39. 6	0.4

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Economic Diffusion Index (Economic DI)2/2

		Sep-21	Oct-21	Nov-21	Dec·21	Jan-22	Feb-22	Mar-22	Apr-22	May-22	Jun-22	Jul-22	Aug-22	Sep-22	Ratio to the Previous Month
	Food, BEWerages	33. 1	38.0	39. 7	41.1	36. 5	36. 3	38. 6	37. 7	41.8	42.7	40.3	39. 9	40.2	0.3
	Textile, Textile Products, Clothing	21.5	27.9	34. 1	40.0	31.8	23.8	30.6	33. 6	33. 9	33.6	37.7	33.6	34. 9	1.3
	Drugs,Sundries	34.6	45.8	37. 5	38. 4	36.0	32. 1	36.8	32. 1	38. 9	40.1	37.1	41.9	39.5	▲ 2.4
	Furniture	32. 2	35.6	34. 5	42.9	35.6	29.8	30.6	39. 2	34. 3	39.8	35. 2	36. 1	40.0	3. 9
Retail	Electrical Household Appliances, Information Machinery and Equipment	33. 8	34. 6	35. 9	35. 5	32. 3	30. 2	33. 0	33. 7	34. 7	34.0	36. 7	32. 7	37. 1	4. 4
	Motor Vehicles, Motor Vehicle Parts	37. 2	35.9	37.8	36. 5	35.0	33. 5	34.7	35. 1	37. 1	36. 4	32.4	35. 9	38.8	2.9
	Special Merchandise	31.7	32.8	33. 5	36.0	33. 3	30. 9	29. 9	31.3	33. 1	34. 3	33. 2	34.7	34.0	▲ 0.7
	Various Merchandise	33.0	35.9	38. 0	37. 5	36. 2	32.6	34.0	36. 4	39. 9	37.8	40.2	38.0	36. 1	▲ 1.9
	Other	35.4	31.7	37. 9	43.3	40.0	40.0	43.9	34.7	41.0	39.7	36. 9	42.3	32. 1	▲ 10.2
	Total	32.6	34.8	36.0	37.7	34. 4	31.9	33. 3	34.0	36. 4	36.7	35. 7	36. 3	36. 7	0.4
Transportat	tion,Warehousing	35.8	37.1	39. 1	40.3	37. 7	35. 5	35. 4	36. 6	37. 2	37. 1	37.8	37. 3	38. 2	0.9
	Restaurants	15. 2	27.8	31.4	34.7	24. 2	16.9	23.8	32.8	34. 3	38.0	34.0	28. 1	31.8	3.7
	Postal, Telecommunications	41.7	50.0	40.5	41.7	46.7	50.0	48.5	50.0	53.0	56.0	47.0	47.9	51. 9	4.0
	Electricity, Gas, Water, Heat	45.8	42.6	38. 9	39.7	40.0	37. 5	33. 3	35.7	40.6	34. 3	37.7	35. 9	36. 1	0.2
	Leasing, Rentals	39.6	43.9	44. 9	44.8	42.0	41.0	40.2	42.0	43.3	44. 9	40.8	44.7	45.6	0.9
	Lodging, Hotels	10.4	22.6	30.2	29.5	12.9	12.8	18. 1	28.3	33.0	33.3	30.3	38.0	37. 4	▲ 0.6
	Recreation	29.0	34.0	36.7	38. 4	33.3	31.2	35. 1	35.6	38. 9	41.6	40.7	40.1	42.2	2. 1
	Broadcasting	39. 2	49.1	48. 1	46. 9	45.8	47.6	44. 4	43.9	43.3	41.7	43.0	38. 3	46. 1	7.8
Service	Maintenance, Guarding, Testing	44.0	44.3	45.3	45.7	42.3	40.2	42.3	43. 1	42.5	44. 2	42.2	43.4	42.8	▲ 0.6
	Advertising	29. 5	32.4	36.8	37.7	32.7	31.5	36. 4	36. 9	34.8	37. 3	34. 3	36.7	39. 3	2.6
	Information	48.5	50.5	51.2	52.5	50.1	50.2	51.1	50.8	50.8	52.0	51.5	52.7	53.0	0.3
	Labor Dispatching	41.9	39.7	44.3	43.3	45.1	41.5	44.4	45.7	47.6	45.7	46.5	49.8	47.4	▲ 2.4
	Special Services	45.5	47.9	49.2	50.3	47.2	46.2	46. 9	48. 1	48.1	49.6	48.7	48.3	49.4	1.1
	Medical, Welfare, Public Health	41.4	42.8	45.7	43.2	42.4	41.0	42.5	44.5	44.4	43.5	42.5	41.2	41.7	0.5
	Education	39.0	43.5	39. 1	43.2	39.7	40.2	37.8	39.6	35. 6	40.1	38.8	39.7	43.7	4.0
	Other	39. 2	40.6	41.7	42.4	39. 3	36. 9	39. 3	42.1	42.7	42.8	42.4	41.2	42.8	1.6
	Total	41.1	43.6	45.3	46. 1	42.8	41.4	43.1	44.5	44.8	45.9	44.4	45.4	46.3	0.9
Other		35.6	38.0	39. 6	40.5	36. 3	37. 3	38. 7	36.8	38. 1	35.6	36. 6	38. 3	37. 2	▲ 1.1

	Sep-21	Oct-21	Nov-21	Dec·21	Jan-22	Feb-22	Mar-22	Apr·22	May-22	Jun-22	Jul-22	Aug-22	Sep-22	Ratio to the Previous Month
Hokkaido	38.5	40.8	40.8	41.1	38.6	37.0	36. 5	37. 9	38. 9	40.1	41.0	40.2	40.7	0.5
Tohoku	39.0	40.2	42.1	41.7	38. 1	37.0	37.0	37.6	39. 1	39.0	38.8	38.1	39.3	1.2
kitakanto	40.4	42.8	44.4	45.0	42.3	40.7	40.7	42.0	42.1	42.6	42.9	43.8	42.5	▲ 1.3
minamikanto	41.4	42.4	43.9	44.8	42.6	41.5	42.1	42.4	42.7	43.2	42.6	43.3	43.6	0.3
Hokuriku	40.4	41.2	42.6	43.6	40.9	39. 2	39. 2	39. 9	40.6	40.5	41.5	40.8	41.7	0.9
Tokai	39. 1	40.1	42.4	44. 4	41.1	39. 7	40.2	40.2	40.1	39.5	39. 5	39. 7	40.4	0.7
Kinki	39. 3	41.3	42.7	43.3	40.8	39.8	40.5	40.8	40.9	40.9	40.9	41. 1	41.5	0.4
Chugoku	38.7	41.2	42.3	42.9	40.7	40.0	40.7	39.8	40.6	41.1	41.3	40.9	41.8	0.9
Shikoku	38. 3	39. 0	41.8	43. 2	39. 3	37. 1	38. 9	38. 1	38. 7	38. 4	38. 3	37.7	38. 7	1.0
Kyushu	39. 1	42.0	44. 3	44. 5	41.3	39. 5	40.9	41.5	41.6	42.2	41.5	41.3	43.0	1. 7

Appendix

1.Research Subjects(Companies researched: 26,494; Valid responses: 11,621; Response rate: 43.9%)

1.Region

Hokkaido	572	Tokai	1,280
Tohoku	768	Kinki	1,990
kitaKanto	881	Chugoku	799
minamikanto	3,404	Shikoku	382
Hokuriku	596	Kyushu	949
		Total	11,621

2.Industry (10 Industries 51 Lines of business)

Agriculture,F	orestry, Fisheries	128
Finance		168
Construction		1,829
Real Estate		405
	Food, Beverages, Livestock Feed	354
	Textile, Textile Products, Clothing	111
	Construction Materials, Furniture, Ceramics, Stone and Clay Products	224
	Pulp, Paper and Paper Products	90
	Publishing, Printing	165
Manufacturing	Chemical	392
(2,905)	Steel, Nonferrous Metals, Mining	515
	General Machinery	468
	Electrical Machinery	321
	Transportation Machinery, Equipment	111
	Precision Machinery, Medical Instruments and Equipment	70
	Others	84
	Food, Beverages	366
	Textile, Textile Products, Clothing	170
	Construction Materials, Furniture, Ceramics, Stone and Clay Products	306
Wholesale	Paper Products, Stationery, Books	97
(2,712)	Chemical	275
	Recycled Resources	38
	Steel, Nonferrous Metals, Mining Products	285
	Machinery, Equipment	856
	Others	324

	Food, Beverages	90
	Textile, Textile Products, Clothing	52
	Drugs,Sundries	38
Retail	Furniture	18
(611)	Electrical Household Appliances, Information Machinery and Equipment	49
	Motor Vehicles, Motor Vehicle Parts	109
	Special Merchandise	198
	Various Merchandise	49
	Others	14
Transportati	ion,Warehousing	556
	Restaurants	99
	Telecommunications	!
	Electricity, Gas, Water, Heat	15
	Leasing, Rentals	113
	Lodging, Hotels	8:
	Recreation	110
Service	Broadcasting	1'
(2,260)	Maintenance, Guarding, Testing	20
	Advertising	109
	Information	69:
	Labor Dispatching	101
	Special Services	318
	Medical, Welfare, Public Health	109
	Education	48
	Others	238
Others	•	47
	Total	11,621

3.Size

Large Firms	1,835	15.8%
Small to Medium-sized Firms	9,786	84.2%
micro Firms	3,689	31.7%
Total	11,621	100.0%

2.Research Items

*Business Confidence (current, in 3 months, in 6 months, in 1 year)

*Business Conditions (sales, purchasing and selling unit price, inventory, capacity utilization ratio, number of employees, overtime work hours)

3. Research Period and Methodology

Internet-based survey conducted Sep 15 – 30 2022

The explanation of the Economic Diffusion Index

Research Purpose/Researched Terms

TDB Economic Trend Research (started from May 2002) is a monthly statistical survey conducted for over 25,000 nationwide corporations on their general business activities including the current condition and future outlook of the industry business performance and operating climate. The primary purpose of such a survey is to assess the current state of Japan's economy.

Selection of the Subject Corporations

Companies of all sizes in all domestic industries are eligible to participate in the survey.

DI Calculation

The DI (Diffusion Index) is calculated by multiplying the number of responses for each assessment category by the number given in parentheses in the table below, to a seven-level assessment rated by companies.

Selection category	Extremely good	good	fairly good	neither good nor bad	fairly bad	bad	very bad
points	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
number of responses for each category	N ₆	N_5	N ₄	N ₃	N_2	N_1	N_0

Economic DI

$$= \frac{\text{Total of (Points for each category} \times \text{Number of responses for each category)}}{\text{Number of valid responses } N} \times \frac{1}{6} \times 100$$

$$\equiv \frac{\sum_{i=0}^{6} i \times N_i}{N} \times \frac{1}{6} \times 100$$

An economic DI of 50 is <u>the point separating good and bad</u>, so a DI over 50 means "good," and below 50 means "bad." (The numbers are rounded off to one decimal place.) No weight is given according to a company's size, and calculations are made on the basis of "one company, one vote."

Size Classification

Industry	Large Firms	Small to Medium-Sized Firms (Micro Firms included)	Micro Firms
Manufacturing and	Capital: More than 300 million yen	Capital: Below 300 million yen	
Other Industries*	and	or	No. of Employee: Below 20
	No. of Employee: Over 300	No. of Employee: Below 300	
Wholesale Trade	Capital: More than 100 million yen	Capital: Below 100 million yen	
	and	or	No. of Employee: Below 5
	No. of Employee: Over 100	No. of Employee: Below 100	
Retail Trade	Capital: More than 50 million yen	Capital: Below 50 million yen	
	and	or	No. of Employee: Below 5
	No. of Employee: Over 50	No. of Employee: Below 50	
Service**	Capital: More than 50 million yen	Capital: Below 50 million yen	
	and	or	No. of Employee: Below 5
	No. of Employee: Over 100	No. of Employee: Below 100	

Note1: Large Firms refer to companies that rank in the top 3% in terms of sales volume according to the type of business, among small to midium-sized corporations excluding micro firms, which are defined in Small and Medium Enterprises Basic Act.

Note2: Small to Medium-Sized Firms refer to companies that rank in the bottom 50% in terms of sales volume according to the type of business, among those not categorized as small to midium-sized corporations in Small to Medium-Sized Enterprises Basic Act.